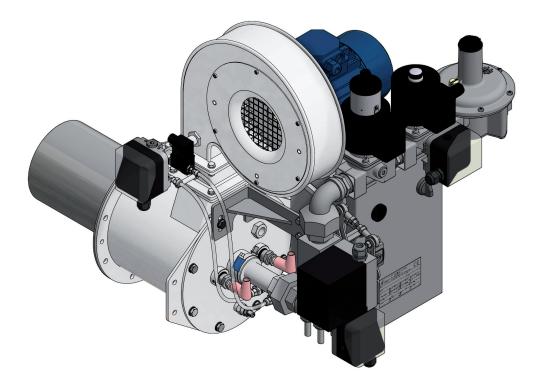


MB LMT 180

Monoblock High Ratio Regulation THERMAL STEEL FLAME TUBE



MB LMT 180

Maximum output [kW]		180
Vinmum output (air/gas regulation) [kW]		6
Minmum output (fixed air) [kW]		8
Fuel pressure at maximum capacity	Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm ³) 25	25
(upstream of the stabilizer) [mbar]	LPG (22500 kcal/Nm ³)	35
Operating conditions in the combustion	ustion Maximum back pressure 1.5	1.5
chamber at maximum capacity [mbar]	Minimum depression	-8
Flame length at maximum capacity [mm]	n] Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm ³) 700	700
neasured at the end of the burner body)	LPG (22500 kcal/Nm ³)	800
Flame detection	Ionization flame detection electrode (UV ce	ll on request)
Fuel	Natural gas (LPG and other gaseous fuel on	request)

All information is based on laboratory tests in a neutral pressure chamber. Different conditions and chamber sizes can affect the data. All information is based on a standard combustor design. Modifications to the combustor will alter performance and pressures. All data are based on gross calorific values.

All information is based on tests conducted on generally acceptable air and gas piping systems.

Data reported in this technical sheet are subject to change without notice.

Performance data and dimensions are guidelines only and are not binding.

ELCO reserves the right to modify the construction and / or configuration of its products at any time

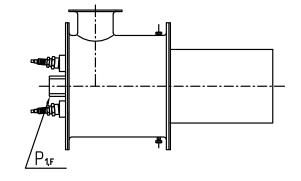
elco

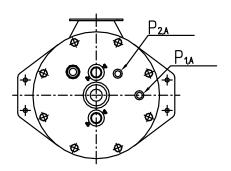
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BURNER

Fuel 1: CH4 Fuel 1 diaphragm: Ø**

Fuel 2: LPG Fuel 2 diaphragm: Ø**

Comburent: Air Comburent diaphragm: Sp.15





OPERATING RANGE

10000 -3 Backpressure in the combustion chamber [mbar] 2 -1 0. 1000 -1 -% eccess of air -2 --3 --4 --5 -100 -6 --7 --8 air/gas regulation -9 = = · fixed air 10 -10 --0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180 200 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180 200

TYPICAL OPERATING RANGE

Output [kW]

WORKING FIELD

Output [kW]



LEGENDA

Q_F Fuel flow **Q**_A Air flow **P**_{1.F} Fuel pressure

 $\mathbf{P}_{1,\mathbf{A}}$ Air pressure upstream the diaphragm

$P_{2,\text{A}}$ Air pressure downstream the diaphragm ΔP_{A} Differential pressure between ports 1 and 2

FLOW RATE CURVES

	FUEL			
O [Nim3/h]	P _{1.F} [mbar]			
Q _F [Nm³/h]	Natural gas	LPG		
0.5	0.01	0.12		
1	0.02	0.46		
2	0.09	1.85		
3	0.21	4.17		
4	0.38	7.41		
5	0.59	11.58		
6	0.84	16.67		
7	1.15	22.69		
8	1.50			
9	1.90			
10	2.35			
11	2.84			
12	3.38			
13	3.96			
14	4.60			
15	5.28			
16	6.00			
17	6.78			
17.5	7.18			
18	7.60			
18.5	8.03			
19	8.47			
19.5	8.92			
20	9.38			

0-

0

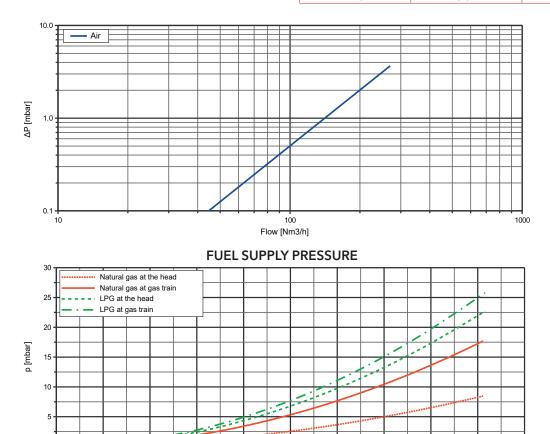
20

40

60

80

AIR			
O [NI3/b]	P _{1.A}	ΔΡΑ	
Q _A [Nm³/h]	[mbar]	[mbar]	
20	0.04	0.02	
30	0.08	0.05	
40	0.14	0.08	
50	0.22	0.13	
60	0.32	0.18	
70	0.43	0.25	
80	0.56	0.32	
90	0.71	0.41	
100	0.88	0.50	
115	1.16	0.66	
130	1.48	0.85	
145	1.84	1.06	
160	2.24	1.29	
170	2.53	1.45	
180	2.84	1.63	
190	3.16	1.81	
200	3.51	2.01	
210	3.86	2.22	
220	4.24	2.43	
230	4.64	2.66	
240	5.05	2.90	
250	5.48	3.14	
260	5.92	3.40	
270	6.39	3.66	



100

Output [kW]

120

140

160

180

200

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DIMENSIONS [mm]

