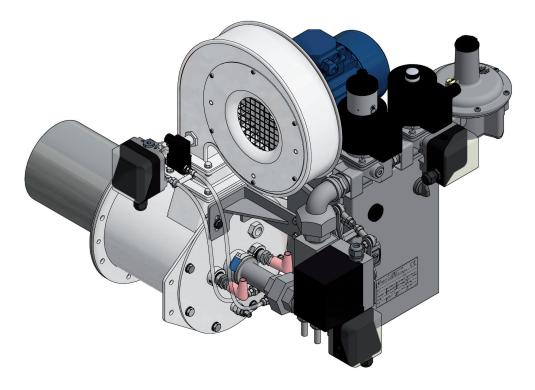
elco

MB LMT 235

Monoblock High Ratio Regulation THERMAL STEEL FLAME TUBE



MB LMT 235

| Maximum output [kW] | | 235 |
|--|---|-----------------|
| Minmum output (air/gas regulation) [kW] | mum output (air/gas regulation) [kW] | |
| Minmum output (fixed air) [kW] | | 10 |
| Fuel pressure at maximum capacity | Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm³) | 35 |
| pstream of the stabilizer) [mbar] | LPG (22500 kcal/Nm ³) | 55 |
| Operating conditions in the combustion | Maximum back pressure | 0 |
| hamber at maximum capacity [mbar] | Minimum depression | -8 |
| Flame length at maximum capacity [mm] | Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm³) | 850 |
| (measured at the end of the burner body) | LPG (22500 kcal/Nm ³) | 900 |
| Flame detection | Ionization flame detection electrode (UV ce | ell on request) |
| Fuel | Natural gas (LPG and other gaseous fuel or | n request) |

All information is based on laboratory tests in a neutral pressure chamber. Different conditions and chamber sizes can affect the data. All information is based on a standard combustor design. Modifications to the combustor will alter performance and pressures. All data are based on gross calorific values.

All information is based on tests conducted on generally acceptable air and gas piping systems.

Data reported in this technical sheet are subject to change without notice.

Performance data and dimensions are guidelines only and are not binding.

ELCO reserves the right to modify the construction and / or configuration of its products at any time

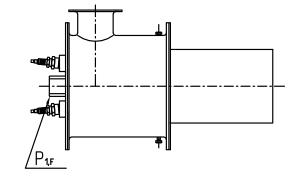
elco

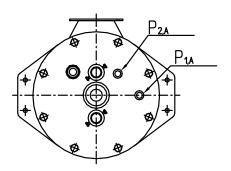
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BURNER

Fuel 1: CH4 Fuel 1 diaphragm: Ø**

Fuel 2: LPG Fuel 2 diaphragm: Ø**

Comburent: Air Comburent diaphragm: Sp.15





OPERATING RANGE

10000 4 3 Backpressure in the combustion chamber [mbar] 2 1 0. 1000 -1 -% eccess of air -2 --3 **-**Ξ. -4 -. -5 -100 -6 --7 -8 air/gas regulation -9 fixed air -10 10 . 100 100 150 50 200 0 50 200 250 0 150 250 Output [kW] Output [kW]

TYPICAL OPERATING RANGE

WORKING FIELD



LEGENDA

Q_F Fuel flow**Q**_A Air flow

P_{1.F} Fuel pressure

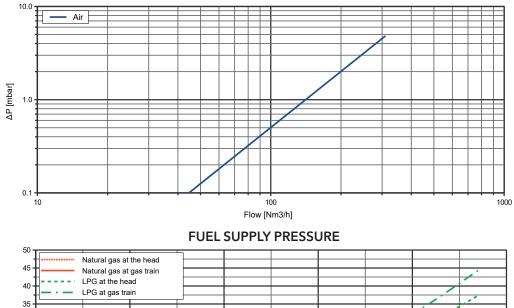
 $\mathbf{P}_{1,\mathbf{A}}$ Air pressure upstream the diaphragm

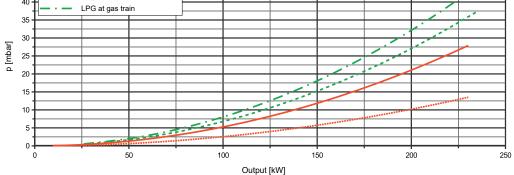
$P_{2,\text{A}}$ Air pressure downstream the diaphragm ΔP_{A} Differential pressure between ports 1 and 2

FLOW RATE CURVES

| | FUEL | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--|--|
| O [Nim3/h] | P _{1.F} [mbar] | | | |
| Q _F [Nm³/h] | Natural gas | LPG | | |
| 1 | 0.02 | 0.46 | | |
| 2 | 0.09 | 1.85 | | |
| 3 | 0.21 | 4.17 | | |
| 4 | 0.38 | 7.41 | | |
| 5 | 0.59 | 11.58 | | |
| 6 | 0.84 | 16.67 | | |
| 7 | 1.15 | 22.69 | | |
| 8 | 1.50 | 29.64 | | |
| 9 | 1.90 | 37.51 | | |
| 10 | 2.35 | | | |
| 11 | 2.84 | | | |
| 12 | 3.38 | | | |
| 13 | 3.96 | | | |
| 14 | 4.60 | | | |
| 15 | 5.28 | | | |
| 16 | 6.00 | | | |
| 17 | 6.78 | | | |
| 18 | 7.60 | | | |
| 19 | 8.47 | | | |
| 20 | 9.38 | | | |
| 21 | 10.34 | | | |
| 22 | 11.35 | | | |
| 23 | 12.41 | | | |
| 24 | 13.51 | | | |

| AIR | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--|
| Q _A [Nm³/h] | P _{1.A} | ΔΡΑ | |
| | [mbar] | [mbar] | |
| 20 | 0.04 | 0.02 | |
| 30 | 0.08 | 0.05 | |
| 40 | 0.14 | 0.08 | |
| 50 | 0.22 | 0.13 | |
| 60 | 0.32 | 0.18 | |
| 70 | 0.43 | 0.25 | |
| 80 | 0.56 | 0.32 | |
| 90 | 0.71 | 0.41 | |
| 100 | 0.88 | 0.50 | |
| 115 | 1.16 | 0.66 | |
| 130 | 1.48 | 0.85 | |
| 145 | 1.84 | 1.06 | |
| 160 | 2.24 | 1.29 | |
| 175 | 2.68 | 1.54 | |
| 190 | 3.16 | 1.81 | |
| 205 | 3.68 | 2.11 | |
| 220 | 4.24 | 2.43 | |
| 235 | 4.84 | 2.78 | |
| 250 | 5.48 | 3.14 | |
| 265 | 6.15 | 3.53 | |
| 280 | 6.87 | 3.94 | |
| 290 | 7.37 | 4.23 | |
| 300 | 7.89 | 4.52 | |
| 310 | 8.42 | 4.83 | |





elco

DIMENSIONS [mm]

