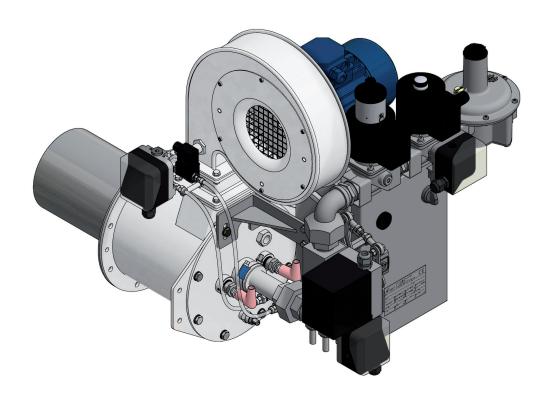


## **MB LMT 180**

# Monoblock High Ratio Regulation THERMAL STEEL FLAME TUBE



MB LMT 180		
Maximum output [kW]		180
Minmum output (air/gas regulation) [kW]		6
Minmum output (fixed air) [kW]		8
Fuel pressure at maximum capacity (upstream of the stabilizer) [mbar]	Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm³)	25
	LPG (22500 kcal/Nm³)	35
Operating conditions in the combustion chamber at maximum capacity [mbar]	Maximum back pressure	1.5
	Minimum depression	-8
Flame length at maximum capacity [mm] (measured at the end of the burner body)	Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm³)	700
	LPG (22500 kcal/Nm³)	800
Flame detection	Ionization flame detection electrode (UV cell on request)	
Fuel	Natural gas (LPG and other gaseous fuel on request)	

All information is based on laboratory tests in a neutral pressure chamber. Different conditions and chamber sizes can affect the data. All information is based on a standard combustor design. Modifications to the combustor will alter performance and pressures.

All data are based on gross calorific values.

All information is based on tests conducted on generally acceptable air and gas piping systems.

Data reported in this technical sheet are subject to change without notice.

Performance data and dimensions are guidelines only and are not binding.

ECOFLAM reserves the right to modify the construction and / or configuration of its products at any time



## **CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BURNER**

Fuel 1: CH4

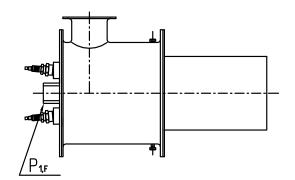
Fuel 1 diaphragm: Ø\*\*

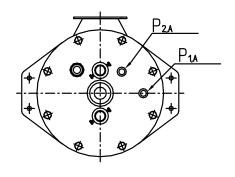
Fuel 2: LPG

Fuel 2 diaphragm: Ø\*\*

Comburent: Air

Comburent diaphragm: Sp.15



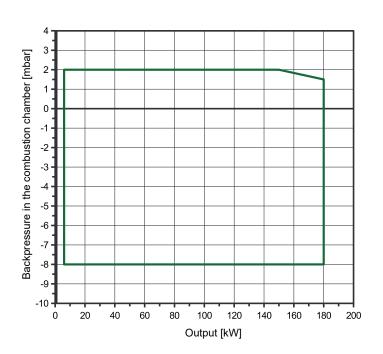


## **OPERATING RANGE**

## **TYPICAL OPERATING RANGE**

## 10000 -1000 % eccess of air 100 air/gas regulation - - · fixed air 20 40 60 100 120 140 160 180 200 Output [kW]

## **WORKING FIELD**





## **LEGENDA**

 $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{F}}$  Fuel flow  $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{1}.\mathbf{F}}$  Fuel pressure

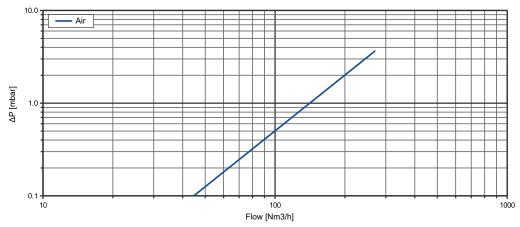
 $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{A}}$  Air flow  $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{1},\mathbf{A}}$  Air pressure upstream the diaphragm

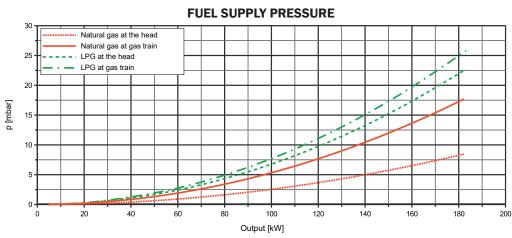
 $\textbf{P}_{\textbf{2},\textbf{A}}$  Air pressure downstream the diaphragm  $\Delta\textbf{P}_{\textbf{A}}$  Differential pressure between ports 1 and 2

## **FLOW RATE CURVES**

FUEL				
O [N3 /l-1	P <sub>1.F</sub> [mbar]			
Q <sub>F</sub> [Nm <sup>3</sup> /h]	Natural gas	LPG		
0.5	0.01	0.12		
1	0.02	0.46		
2	0.09	1.85		
3	0.21	4.17		
4	0.38	7.41		
5	0.59	11.58		
6	0.84	16.67		
7	1.15	22.69		
8	1.50			
9	1.90			
10	2.35			
11	2.84			
12	3.38			
13	3.96			
14	4.60			
15	5.28			
16	6.00			
17	6.78			
17.5	7.18			
18	7.60			
18.5	8.03			
19	8.47			
19.5	8.92	·		
20	9.38			

AIR				
Q <sub>A</sub> [Nm <sup>3</sup> /h]	P <sub>1.A</sub>	ΔΡ <sub>Α</sub>		
	[mbar]	[mbar]		
20	0.04	0.02		
30	0.08	0.05		
40	0.14	0.08		
50	0.22	0.13		
60	0.32	0.18		
70	0.43	0.25		
80	0.56	0.32		
90	0.71	0.41		
100	0.88	0.50		
115	1.16	0.66		
130	1.48	0.85		
145	1.84	1.06		
160	2.24	1.29		
170	2.53	1.45		
180	2.84	1.63		
190	3.16	1.81		
200	3.51	2.01		
210	3.86	2.22		
220	4.24	2.43		
230	4.64	2.66		
240	5.05	2.90		
250	5.48	3.14		
260	5.92	3.40		
270	6.39	3.66		







## **DIMENSIONS** [mm]

