

MVRT 280

METALLIC VOLUMETRIC FOR RADIANT TUBE

MVRT 280		
Maximum output [kW]		280
Minimum Power (air/gas modulating) [kW]		28
Fuel pressure at maximum power [mbar] (measured at tapping P _{1F} - pag. 2)	Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm ³)	65
	LPG (22500 kcal/Nm ³)	
Air inlet pressure at maximum power [mbar] (measured at tapping P _{1A} - pag. 2)	Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm ³)	25
	LPG (22500 kcal/Nm ³)	
Flame length at maximum power [mm] (measured from the end of the burner body)	Natural gas (8250 kcal/Nm ³)	700
	LPG (22500 kcal/Nm ³)	
Flame speed at maximum power [m/s] (with 20% excess of air)	Medium speed	70
Flame detection	Ionization probe or UV cell	
Fuel	Natural gas, LPG	

All information is based on laboratory tests in a neutral pressure chamber. Different conditions and chamber sizes can affect the data.

All information is based on a standard combustor design. Modifications to the combustor will alter performance and pressures.

All data are based on gross calorific values.

All the information is based on tests undertaken using air and gas piping of generally acceptable design. Any deviation will affect the accuracy of orifice readings.

The information reported on this document may be subject to change without notice.

The data listed on this paper are purely for informational purposes and not binding.

ECOFLAM reserves the right to change the construction and/or configuration of its products in every moment without being obligated to alter previous supplies.

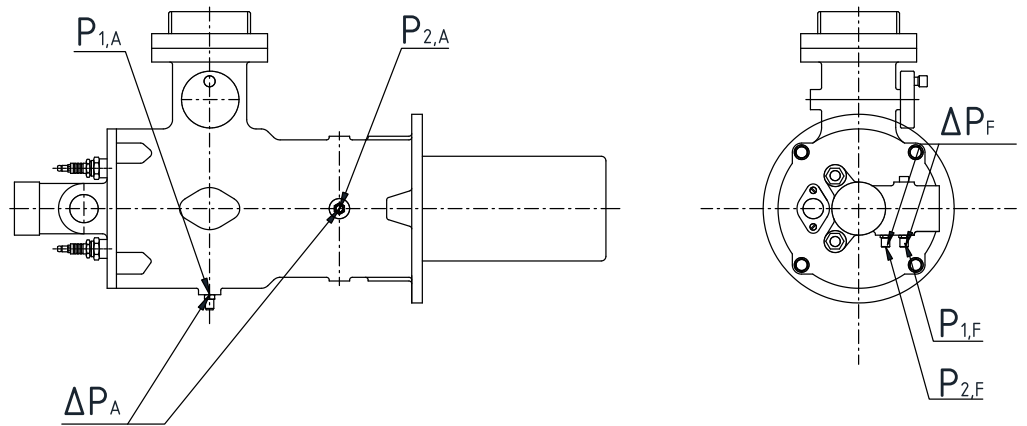
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BURNER

Fuel 1: natural gas
 Fuel 1 orifice: $\varnothing 12$

Fuel 2: LPG
 Fuel 2 orifice: $\varnothing 12$

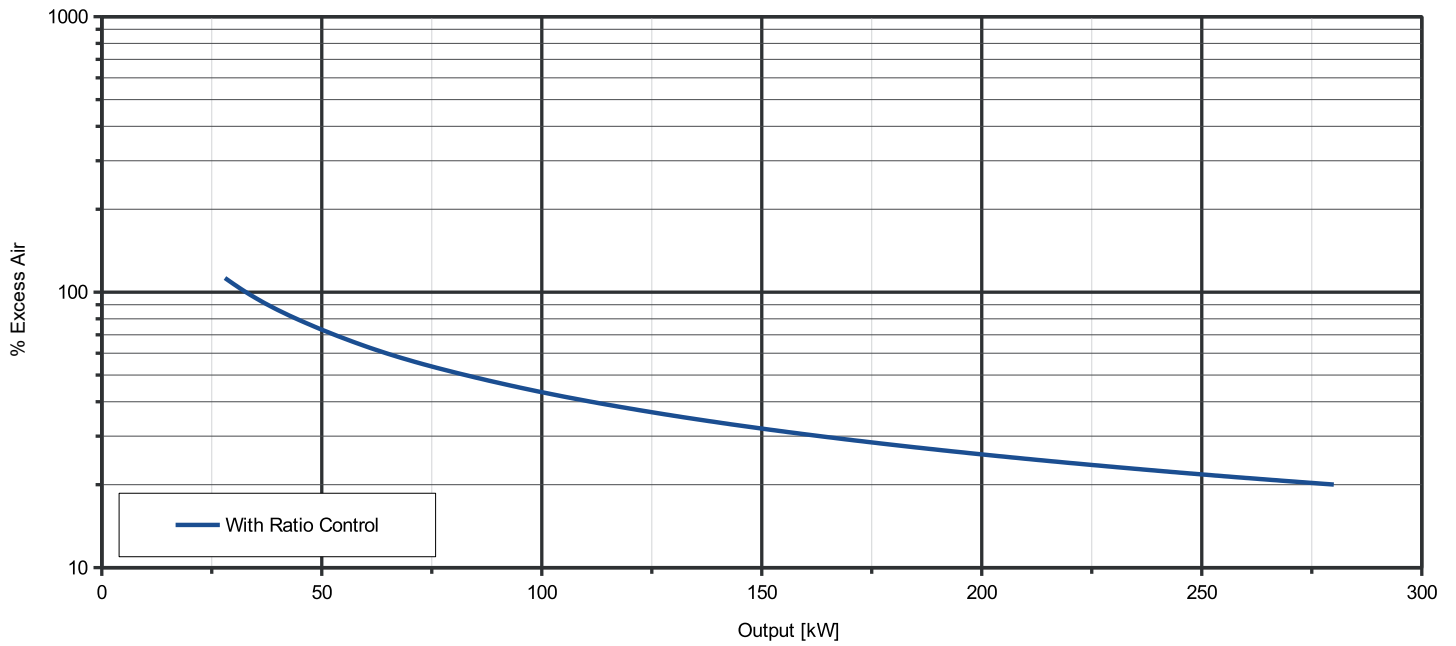
Comburent: air
 Comburent orifice: $\varnothing 100$

Stainless steel cone exit: $\varnothing 88$



OPERATING RANGE

TYPICAL OPERATING RANGE



LEGENDA

Q_F Fuel flow
 Q_A Air flow

$P_{1,F}$ Fuel pressure before the diaphragm
 $P_{1,A}$ Air pressure before the diaphragm
 $P_{2,F}$ Fuel pressure after the diaphragm

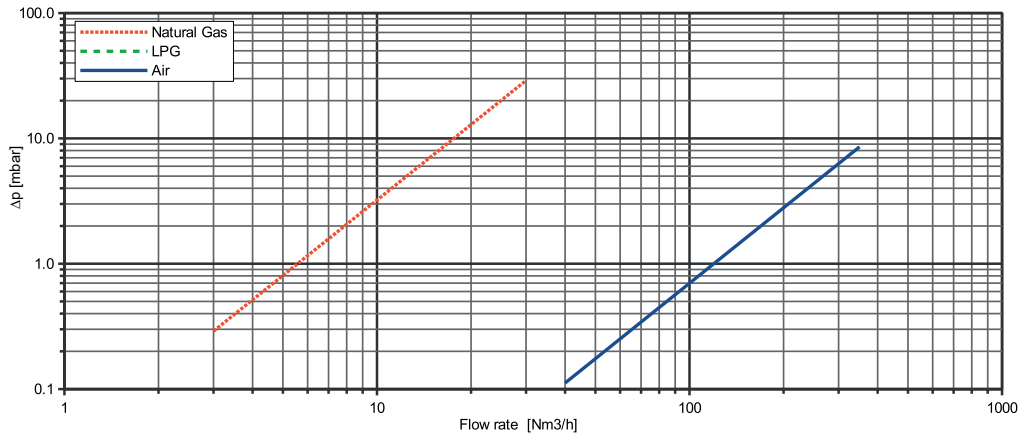
$P_{2,A}$ Air pressure after the diaphragm
 ΔP_F Differential fuel pressure between tapping 1 and 2
 ΔP_A Differential air pressure between tapping 1 and 2

FLOW RATE CURVES

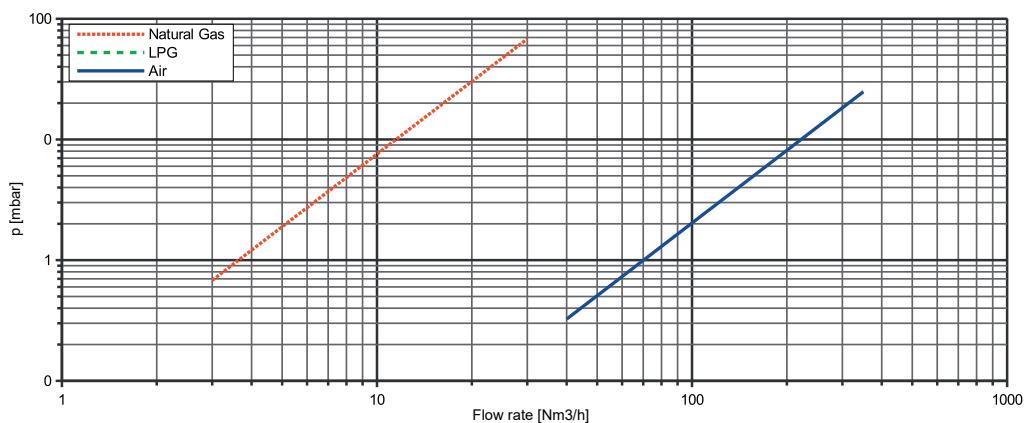
Q_F [Nm ³ /h]	FUEL			
	$P_{1,F}$ [mbar]		ΔP_F [mbar]	
	Natural gas	LPG	Natural gas	LPG
1	0.00		0.00	
2	0.00		0.00	
4	1.21		0.52	
5	1.89		0.81	
6	2.72		1.16	
8	4.84		2.06	
8	4.84		2.06	
9	6.13		2.61	
10	7.56		3.22	
12	10.89		4.64	
15	17.02		7.25	
16	19.36		8.25	
16	19.36		8.25	
18	24.50		10.44	
19	27.30		11.63	
20	30.25		12.88	
22	36.61		15.59	
24	43.56		18.55	
25	47.27		20.13	
26	51.13		21.78	
27	55.13		23.48	
28	59.29		25.25	
29	63.61		27.09	
30	68.07		28.99	

Q_A [Nm ³ /h]	AIR	
	$P_{1,A}$ [mbar]	ΔP_A [mbar]
40	0.32	0.11
50	0.51	0.17
60	0.73	0.25
80	1.30	0.45
100	2.03	0.70
120	2.92	1.01
140	3.98	1.37
150	4.57	1.57
160	5.20	1.79
180	6.58	2.26
200	8.12	2.79
220	9.83	3.38
240	11.70	4.02
250	12.69	4.37
260	13.73	4.72
270	14.80	5.09
280	15.92	5.48
290	17.08	5.88
300	18.27	6.29
310	19.51	6.71
320	20.79	7.15
330	22.11	7.61
340	23.47	8.08
350	24.87	8.56

Δp Vs. Flow Rate Curve



Inlet Static Pressure



DIMENSIONS [mm]

